RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO HAZARD TO NON-TARGET SPECIES

For retail sale and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification

Supplemental Labeling

PROZAP ZINC PHOSPHIDE OAT BAIT

EPA Reg. No. 61282-14

FOR DISTRIBUTION AND USE ONLY IN MONTANA. This label and the label for the Federally registered product, Prozap Zinc Phosphide Oat Bait (EPA Registration Number 61282-14), must be in the possession of the user at the time of application. All applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the label for the Federally registered product and on this supplemental label must be followed.

ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSIDERATIONS

NOTICE: The killing of a member of an endangered species during Zinc Phosphide baiting operations may result in a fine and/or imprisonment under the Endangered Species Act. All users of this product must determine whether endangered species are known to occur or might occur in the intended use areas. Consult the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service regional office in Helena. Use of this product is subject to limitations set forth below for the purpose of protecting endangered species.

Do not use in habitats occupied or occasionally visited by whooping cranes (*G. americana*) during the period from 30 days before the expected arrival of cranes to 30 days after the time of their usual departure.

Do not use this product within 7 kilometers (4.34 miles) of any prairie dog town to limit risks to the black-footed ferret (*Mustela nigripes*) from exposure to Zinc Phosphide or destruction of its prey base, <u>unless</u> the colony is an isolated black-tailed prairie dog town less than 80 acres in size or an isolated white-tailed or Gunnison prairie dog town less than 200 acres in size, or <u>unless</u> the town has been appropriately surveyed, using methods acceptable to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS), and found not to contain black-footed ferrets and found by the FWS not to be a suitable site for ferret reintroductions.

Unless the local FWS office has determined that there are no gray wolves (*Canis lupus*) or grizzly bears (*Ursus arctos horribilis*) in the general vicinity of the intended bait applications, do not apply this product within the occupied habitat of these species.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

USE RESTRICTIONS: This product may be used to control black-tailed prairie dogs (*Cynomys ludovicianus*), and white-tailed prairie dogs (*C. leucurus*) in rangelands and adjacent timber areas in Montana only.

From January 1 through June 30, do not use or apply this product in any black-tailed prairie dog complex greater than 80 acres or in any white-tailed prairie dog complex greater than 200 acres, unless the areas have been "block cleared" by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Note that a prairie dog complex is a group of prairie dog towns within 4.34 miles of one another. From July through December, contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Montana State Office for Blackfooted Ferret Survey Guidelines before using this product on prairie dog complexes larger than the areas indicated above.

Do not apply this product on croplands, on roads, near residential or public use areas, or over water. Apply bait at times of year when target species are accepting grains readily. Observe prebaited areas for evidence of consumption of prebait by target and nontarget species. Apply bait only after most of prebait has been consumed by target species. Do not apply toxic bait at any location where endangered species have been observed or may occur, or at any location where nontarget species were observed eating prebait or are believed to have consumed prebait.

ACCEPTANCE TESTS: Check prairie dog bait acceptance by selecting 20-30 burrows spaced 30 or more feet apart in the area to be baited. Mark each burrow with a surveyor's flag or by other means so that they can be relocated. Scatter 4 grams (1 teaspoon) of untreated oats in a bait spot near each marked burrow. Bait acceptance is considered good if bait is eaten within one or two days.

PREBAITING: Prebait with 4 grams (1 teaspoon) of untreated oats by scattering the oats in a bait spot near every prairie dog burrow in the area to be baited one to two days prior to the anticipated time of baiting. Prebaiting typically increases acceptance of treated baits by prairie dogs.

BAITING: Apply one bait spot per burrow opening. Apply by hand (wear protective gloves) as a scattered bait spot located on bare ground near mounds, burrow openings or adjacent feeding areas. Use a calibrated dipper to scatter 4 grams (1 teaspoon) of bait per spot. Do not apply on soft mound dirt or down burrow opening. Bait during dry, arid conditions when little or no green vegetation is present and when bait acceptance test show that prairie dogs are readily accepting grains. Apply toxic bait no more than once per year.

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